Henry don't forget to hit record

Intake Interviews: First Contact with Demos

Facilitators: Dirk Colbry

2025 Virtual Residency, June 24th



CyberAmbassador Project

- National Science Foundation Grant (#1730137)
- Professional Skills for Interdisciplinary Work
 - CyberInfrastructure (CI) Professionals
 - STEM (science, technology, engineering, math)
- Volunteer Facilitators
 - Training is provided
 - Open Source Curriculum





The CyberAmbassador Curriculum

COMMUNICATION

FIRST CONTACT: Communicating with a Purpose LET'S TALK: Communicating about Problems IT'S COMPLICATED: Communicating About Complexity

TEAMWORK

TEAMING UP: Effective Groups and Meetings **SPEAKING UP:** Effective Presentation Skills **LEVELING UP:** Problem Solving and Decision Making



LEADING THE TEAM: Understanding Style and Personality LEADING THE CHANGE: Equity and Inclusion LEADING WITH PRINCIPLES: Ethics

Best Practices in STEM Education

Constructivism and Socioculturism

- Learning is an active process of creating meaning from information and experiences
- Learning is most effective when it happens in the context and culture of the learners

Ongoing Research Shows...

- Effective professional skills can be taught!
- There are common tools (algorithms) that apply across many scenarios
- Role playing / rehearsal activities are effective learning tools for developing professional skills
- Practice is most effective in context

Project Impact (as of June 8, 2023)

18,335+ Participants Trained

- 810+ Participant Certificates Earned
- 148+ Facilitators Trained

640+ Sessions Completed



Agenda

Introduction: What is a good intake interview?

Canned Example Interviews

Wrap Up

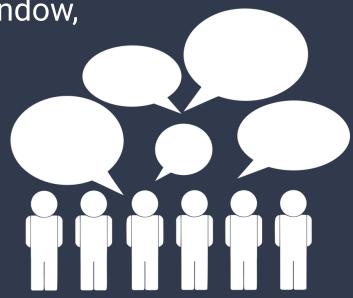
Intake Interviews

First meeting you have when you are talking with a new researcher.

- You don't know them (or their problems)
- They don't know you (or your resources)

Chatter

- Type your response into the chat window, but WAIT to hit enter
- 2. Listen for the countdown (three, two, one, CHAT!)
- 3. Hit enter and watch the responses scroll through the chat window!



Chatter

Why are intake interviews important?



Opening an Intake Interview

Hi, my name is Loren. I would like to use the HPC for my academic work. How do I get started?

What questions do you ask?

Effective intake interviews

• Identify the problem(s) and start to plan to find solutions

• Build a relationship

Good Intake Interviews (Research Facilitators)

- Ask about their research
- Avoid Rushing
 - (Except tomorrow where we're going quickly on purpose)
- Identify the fundamental problem(s) being solved
- Work to describe the problem in terms of computing
- Ask how they think the problem should be solved
- Assess their ability
- Identify Assumptions (yours and theirs)

Chatter

What is a question you might ask in an intake interview?



Explain it to me like I am 12.

Useful for both the facilitator and the researcher

Tool: Active Listening

- Listen with the goal of truly understanding the speaker
 - Pay attention to both words and body language
 - Watch for strong emotions (anger, frustration, worry)
- Reflect back to the speaker what you heard, using "I" statements
 - Correct: "What I understood was..."
 - Incorrect: "You said..."
- If strong emotions are expressed, acknowledge without judgement
 - Correct: "That sounds really frustrating..."
 Incorrect: "Calm down! You're blowing this completely out of proportion..."



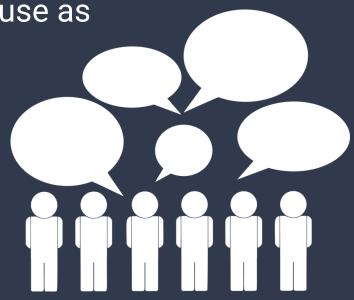
Tool: Reducing Jargon

- Before you speak, think about what might be considered jargon?
 - What is the disciplinary background of the Listener?
 - What is the cultural/language background of the Listener?
 - What is the level of expertise of the Listener?
- Choose whether to explain or eliminate the jargon
 - **Explain** when understanding the jargon is essential to solving the problem
 - **<u>Eliminate</u>** when the jargon is not essential



Chatter

What are some examples of jargon we use as research facilitators?



Tool: Paraphrasing

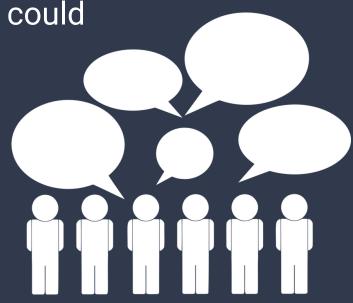
- Use paraphrasing when you are trying to understand a complex problem
 - 1. Listen to the speaker carefully
 - 2. In your own words, state the parts of the situation you understand (avoid adding jargon!)
 - 3. Allow the speaker to confirm, or to clarify, your understanding
- Paraphrasing is NOT the same as parroting
 - To use an analogy: paraphrasing is a lens, while parroting is a mirror

Tool: Ask Clarifying Questions

- As the listener, your goal is to understand in order to help solve problems
- Use clarifying questions to obtain additional information you need to help
 - "What programming language does your software use?"
 - "Do you already have an account on our system"
 - "Have you ever used this approach before?"

Chatter

What is another clarifying question you could ask during the interview?



You can say No without saying No.

Don't say "No, because"; instead say "Yes, if".

- Quote from Henry Neeman
 - Who got it from Dan Boatright
 - Who got it from ??

But what if the request "is not my job"

- To be effective for future problems you want to maintain the relationship.
- Try to offer a "Soft handoff"
 - Find someone who can help.
 - Help them use Google or ChatGPT

Closing an Intake Interview

- Action items
- Follow up times

"Fake" Examples

- Open up your chat window.
- While the videos are playing, "live chat" your thoughts.
 - What do you like?
 - What don't you like?
 - What listening tools were used?
 - Questions you would have asked?
 - Questions you have for us?
 - Etc.

The story, names, characters, and incidents portrayed in these video production are fictitious. Any relationship to real world people or events is entirety coincidence.

Sanborn Strata Method



Questions

- Was this scenario realistic?
- Did Jessie (research facilitator) sufficiently understand the problem?
- Did Jessie sufficiently understand the research?
- Did Jessie solve the problem?
- Did Jessie maintain the relationship?
- Other thoughts about this scenario?

The story, names, characters, and incidents portrayed in this production are fictitious. Any relationship to real world people or events is entirety coincidence.



GIS Data - Take 1



Questions

- Was this scenario realistic?
- Did Jasper (research Facilitator) sufficiently understand the problem?
- Did Jasper sufficiently understand the research?
- Did Jasper solve the problem?
- Did Jasper maintain the relationship?
- Other thoughts about this scenario?

The story, names, characters, and incidents portrayed in this production are fictitious. Any relationship to real world people or events is entirety coincidence.

GIS Data - Take 2



Questions

- Was this scenario realistic?
- Did Jasper (research Facilitator) sufficiently understand the problem?
- Did Jasper sufficiently understand the research?
- Did Jasper solve the problem?
- Did Jasper maintain the relationship?
- Other thoughts about this scenario?



Security Risk



Questions

- Was this scenario realistic?
- Did Justin (research Facilitator) sufficiently understand the problem?
- Did Justin sufficiently understand the research?
- Did Justin solve the problem?
- Did Justin per maintain the relationship?
- Other thoughts about this scenario?

Okay, this one is real but we only kept the good stuff....



"Real" Intake Interview



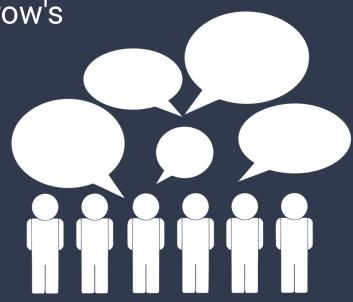


- Was this scenario realistic?
- Did Dirk (research Facilitator) sufficiently understand the problem?
- Did Dirk sufficiently understand the research?
- Did Dirk solve the problem?
- Did Dirk maintain the relationship?
- Other thoughts about this scenario?

Questions?

Chatter

What strategies do you have for tomorrow's intake interview event?



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