Exercise: MPI Greetings

In this exercise, we'll use the same conventions and commands as in the previous exercises. You should refer back to the previous exercise descriptions for details on various Unix commands.

You'll be running an MPI code, similar to the MPI version of the classic Hello World program.

Here are the steps for this exercise:

- 1. Log in to the Linux cluster supercomputer (sooner.oscer.ou.edu).
- 2. Confirm that you're in your home directory:
 - % pwd

/home/yourusername

- 3. Check that you have a NCSIPARI2011_exercises subdirectory inside your home directory:
 - % ls

NCSIPARI2011 exercises

- 4. Copy the Greetings directory into your NCSIPARI2011 exercises directory:
 - % cp -r ~hneeman/NCSIPARI2011_exercises/Greetings/ ~/NCSIPARI2011_exercises/
- 5. Go into your NCSIPARI2011 exercises subdirectory:
 - % cd NCSIPARI2011 exercises
- 6. Confirm that you're in your NCSIPARI2011 exercises subdirectory:
 - % pwd

/home/yourusername/NCSIPARI2011 exercises

- 7. See what files or subdirectories (if any) are in the current working directory:
 - % ls
- 8. Go into your Greetings subdirectory:
 - % cd Greetings
- 9. Confirm that you're in your NCSIPARI2011 exercises subdirectory:
 - % pwd

/home/yourusername/NCSIPARI2011 exercises/Greetings

- 10. See what files or subdirectories (if any) are in the current working directory:
 - % ls
- 11. Choose which language you want to use (C or Fortran90), and cd into the appropriate directory:
 - % cd C

OR:

- % cd Fortran90
- 12. Edit the batch script greetings.bsub to use your username and e-mail address.
- 13. If you haven't already examined greetings.c (or greetings.f90), do so now.

14. Compile using the *shell script* make cmd:

```
% make cmd
```

NOTE: A *shell script* is a file containing a sequence of Unix commands, which are executed like a program.

15. Submit the batch script file greetings.bsub to the batch scheduler:

```
% bsub < greetings.bsub</pre>
```

NOTICE the less than symbol < which is **EXTREMELY IMPORTANT**.

You should get back output something like this:

```
Job <#####> is submitted to queue <pari q>.
```

where ##### is replaced by the batch job ID for the batch job that you've just submitted.

16. Check the status of your batch job:

% bjobs

You'll get one of the following outputs, either:

```
No unfinished job found
```

(if you get this right after the bjobs command, try it several more times, because sometimes there's a pause just before the batch job starts showing up, as below),

OR:

```
JOBID USER STAT QUEUE FROM HOST EXEC_HOST JOB_NAME SUBMIT_TIME 4081250 yourusername PEND pari q sooner1 greetings Oct 17 14:58
```

where ##### is replaced by a batch job ID number, and yourusername is replaced by your user name, and where PEND is short for "pending," meaning that your job is waiting to start,

OR:

```
JOBID USER STAT QUEUE FROM_HOST EXEC_HOST JOB_NAME SUBMIT_TIME 4081250 yourusername RUN pari q sooner1 c127 greetings Oct 17 14:58
```

17. You may need to check the status of your batch job repeatedly, using the bjobs command, until it runs to completion. This may take several minutes (occasionally much longer).

You'll know that the batch job has finished when it no longer appears in the list of your batch jobs:

```
No unfinished job found
```

18. Once your job has finished running, find the <u>standard output</u> and <u>standard error</u> files from your job:

% ls -ltr

Using this command, you should see files named

```
greetings_######_stdout.txt
```

and

```
greetings ##### stderr.txt
```

(where ##### is replaced by the batch job ID).

These files should contain the output of greetings. Ideally, the stderr file should have length zero.

19. Look at the contents of the standard output file:

```
% cat greetings_######_stdout.txt
```

(where ##### is replaced by the batch job ID).

You may want to look at the stderr file as well:

```
% cat greetings ##### stdout.txt
```

20. If this run had **ANY** problems, then send e-mail to:

```
support@oscer.ou.edu
```

which reaches all OSCER staff (including Henry), and attach the following files:

```
make_cmd
makefile
greetings.c
greetings.bsub
greetings_#####_stdout.txt
greetings_##### stderr.txt
```

- 21. Edit greetings.c to change one of the arguments of the call to MPI_Recv, replacing source with MPI_ANY_SOURCE.
- 22. Repeat steps 14 20.

What difference(s), if any, do you observe in the behavior of this new version of the code, compared to the original version?

23. Which rank doesn't output a greeting? Why not?