



# *Oklahoma Supercomputing Symposium -2014*

## Supporting Collaborative Cyberinfrastructure for Ground- breaking Research

Irene M. Qualters  
Division Director, Advanced Cyberinfrastructure  
National Science foundation  
September 24, 2014



# NSF CORE MISSION: FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH

**\$7.1** billion FY 2014  
research budget

**94%** funds research,  
education and  
related activities

 **50,000**  
proposals



**11,000**  
awards funded



**2,000**  
NSF-funded institutions

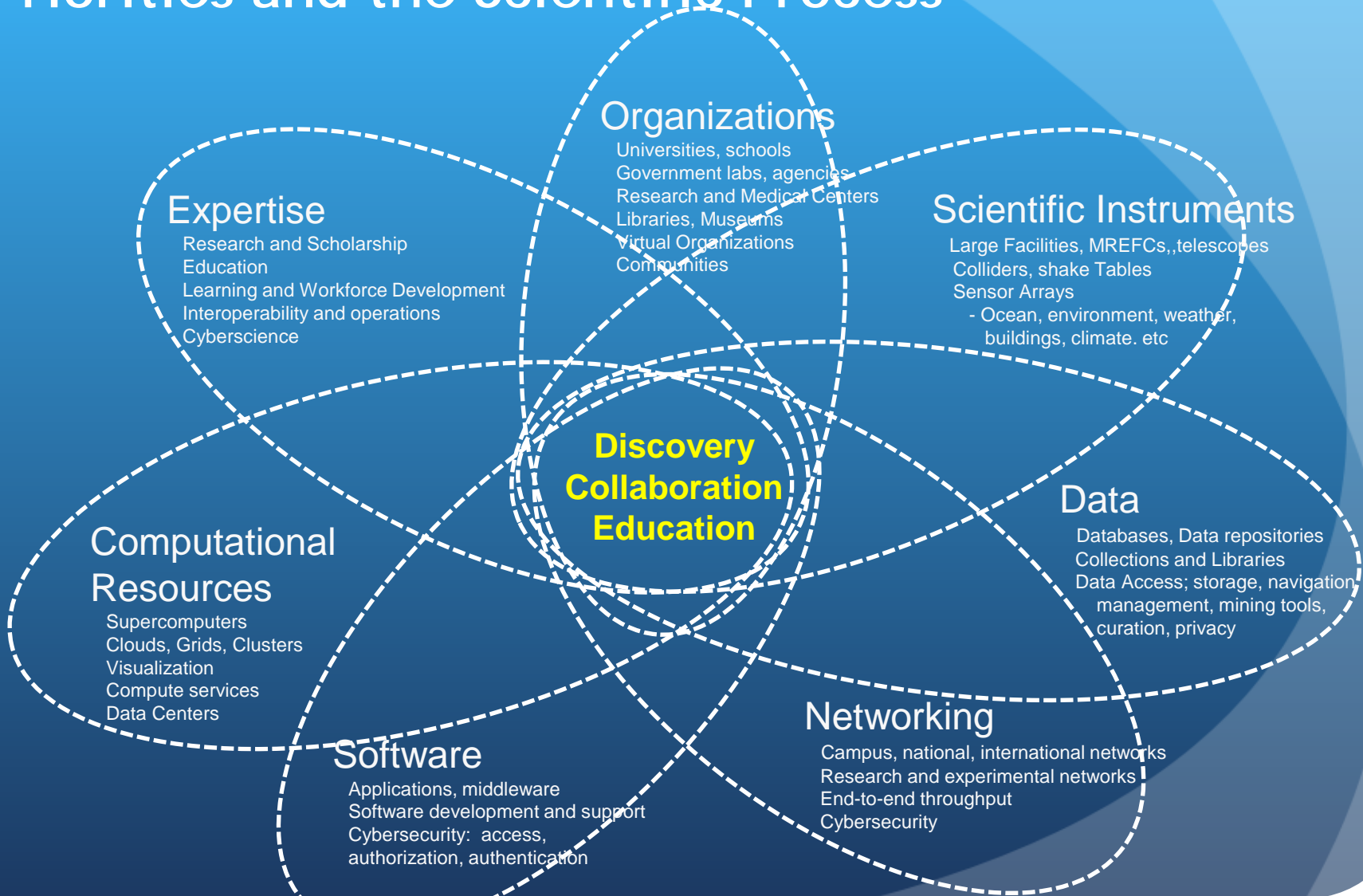


**300,000**  
NSF-supported  
researchers

## Fundamental Research



# NSF Embraces an Expansive View of Cyberinfrastructure Motivated by Research Priorities and the Scientific Process



# NSF Cyberinfrastructure (ACI) is part of the CISE Directorate and responsible for NSF-wide CI coordination and support



## Computer and Information Science and Engineering (CISE)

### Division of Advanced Cyberinfrastructure (ACI)

Data

High Performance Computing

Networking/  
Cybersecurity

Software

### Division of Computing and Communications Foundations (CCF)

Algorithmic Foundations

Communication and Information Foundations

Software and Hardware Foundations

### Division of Computer and Network Systems (CNS)

Computer Systems Research

Networking Technology and Systems

### Division of Information and Intelligent Systems (IIS)

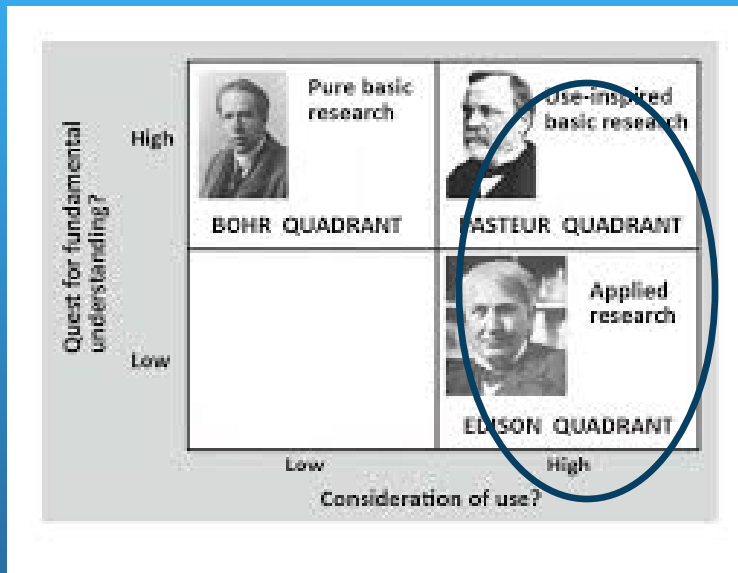
Cyber-Human Systems

Information Integration and Informatics

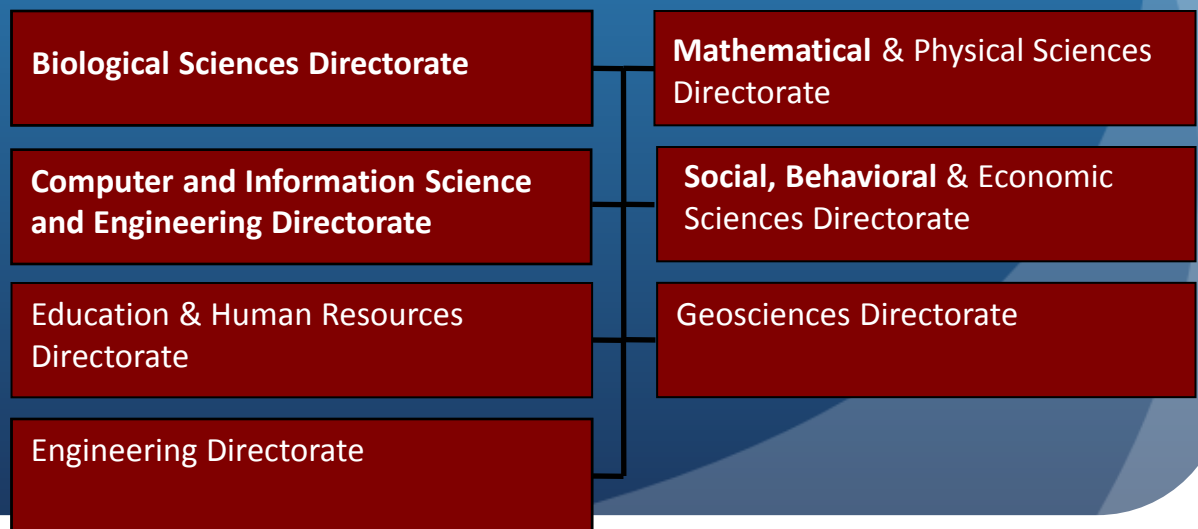
Robust Intelligence

Core Research Programs

# ACI Mission: To support advanced cyberinfrastructure to accelerate discovery and innovation across all disciplines



- Coordination role across NSF
- Interagency & international partnerships
- Supports Use-inspired Cyberinfrastructure
  - Research and Education
  - Science and Engineering
- Inherently multidisciplinary with strong ties to all disciplines/directorates



# Advanced Cyberinfrastructure (ACI)



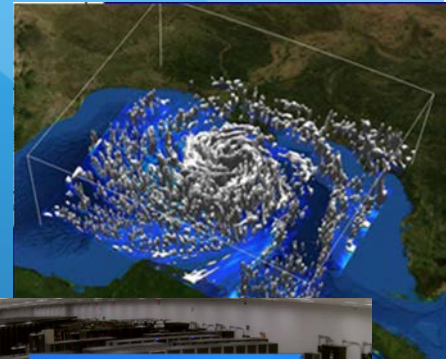
Supports the research, development, acquisition and provision of state-of-the-art CI resources, tools, and services:

**Advanced Computing:** Provide open-science community with state-of-the-art computational systems ranging from loosely coupled clusters to large scale HPC instruments; develop a collaborative and innovative scientific computational environment.

**Data:** Support scientific communities in the use, sharing and archiving of data by creating building blocks to address community needs in data infrastructure.

**Networking and Cybersecurity:** Invest in campus network improvements and re-engineering to support computational and data science. Support transition of cybersecurity research to practice.

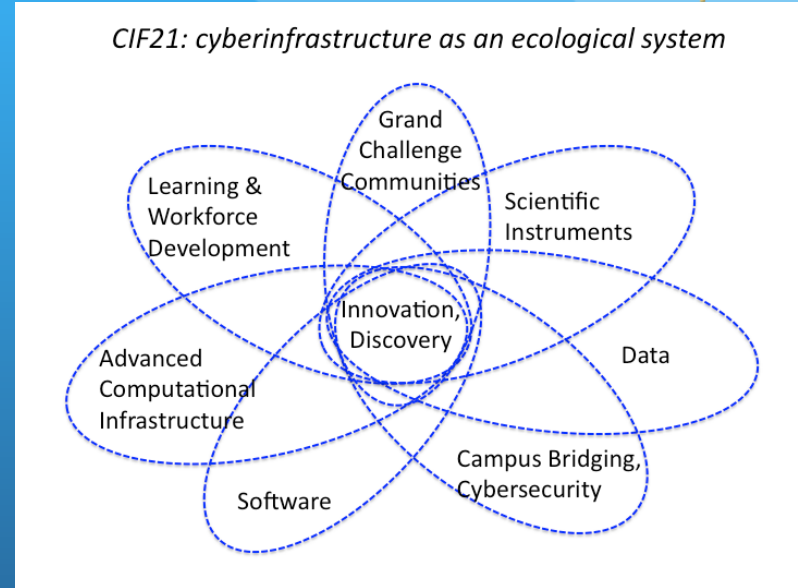
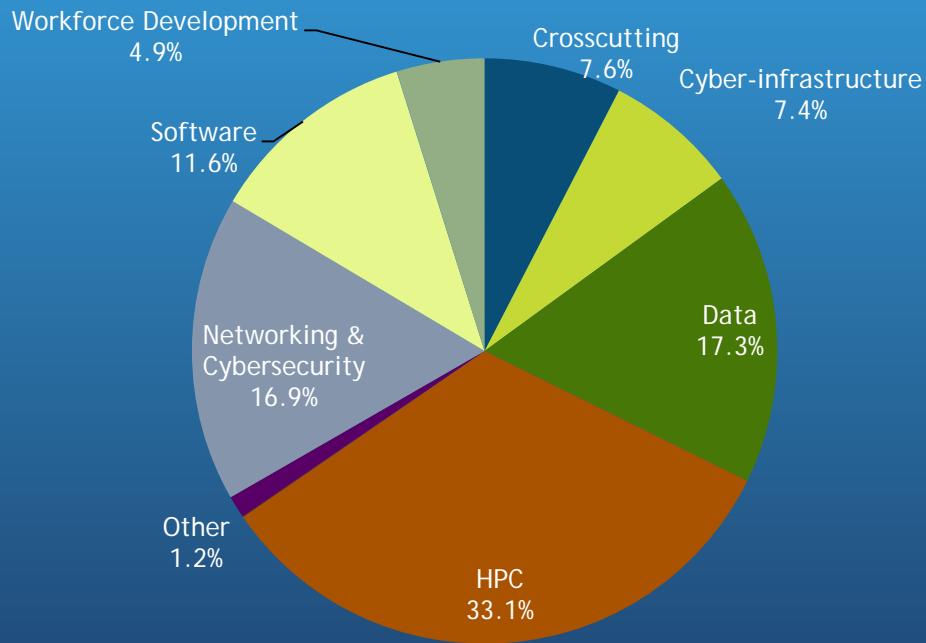
**Software:** Transform innovations in research and education into sustained software resources (shared tools and services) that are an integral part of cyberinfrastructure.







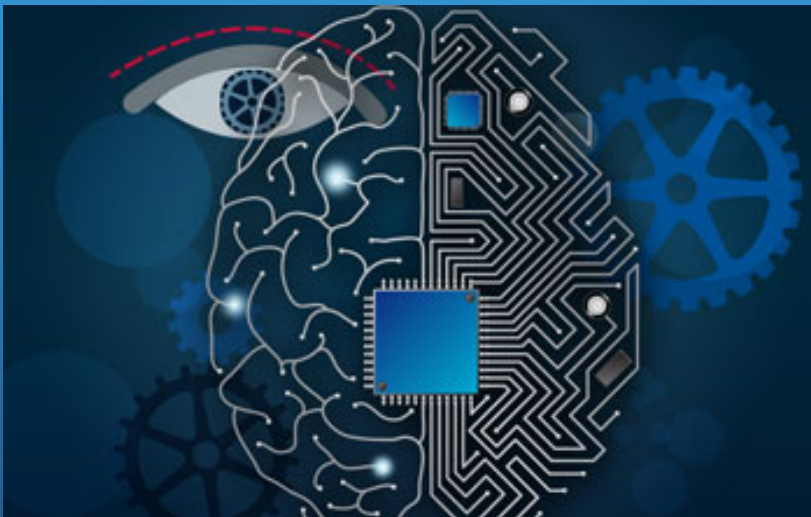
# ACI FY2013 investments reflect a balance across Cyberinfrastructure categories consistent with NSF's CI strategy (CIF21)



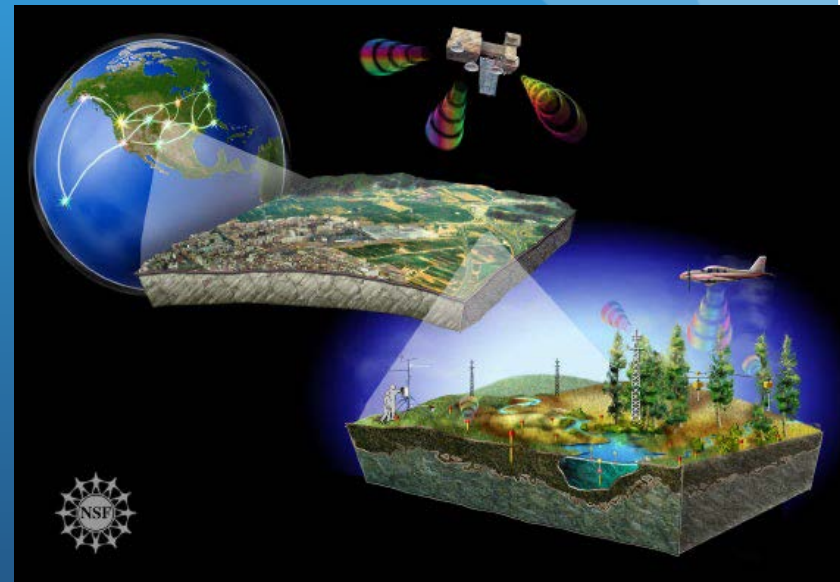
Total ACI FY 2013 funding = \$210,772,572



Ubiquity in mobile devices, social networks, sensors, advanced computing and instruments have created a complex data-rich environment ripe for new scientific and engineering advances



Credit: Christine Daniloff/MIT



An artist's conception of the National Ecological Observatory Network (NEON) depicting its distributed sensor networks, experiments and aerial and satellite remote sensing capabilities, all linked via cyberinfrastructure into a single, scalable, integrated research platform for conducting continental-scale ecological research. NEON is one of several National Science Foundation Earth-observing systems.

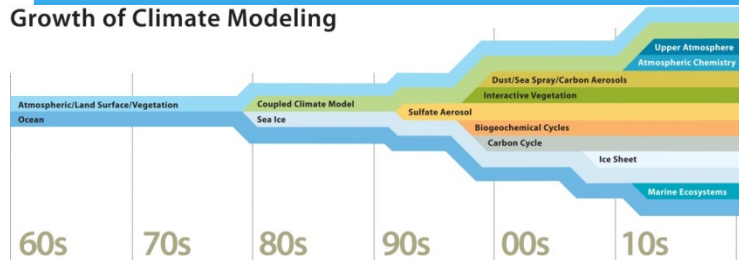
Credit: Nicolle Rager Fuller, National Science Foundation



# As models and workflows become more complex and data-rich, collaborative and capable CI is transformative to results and conduct of science

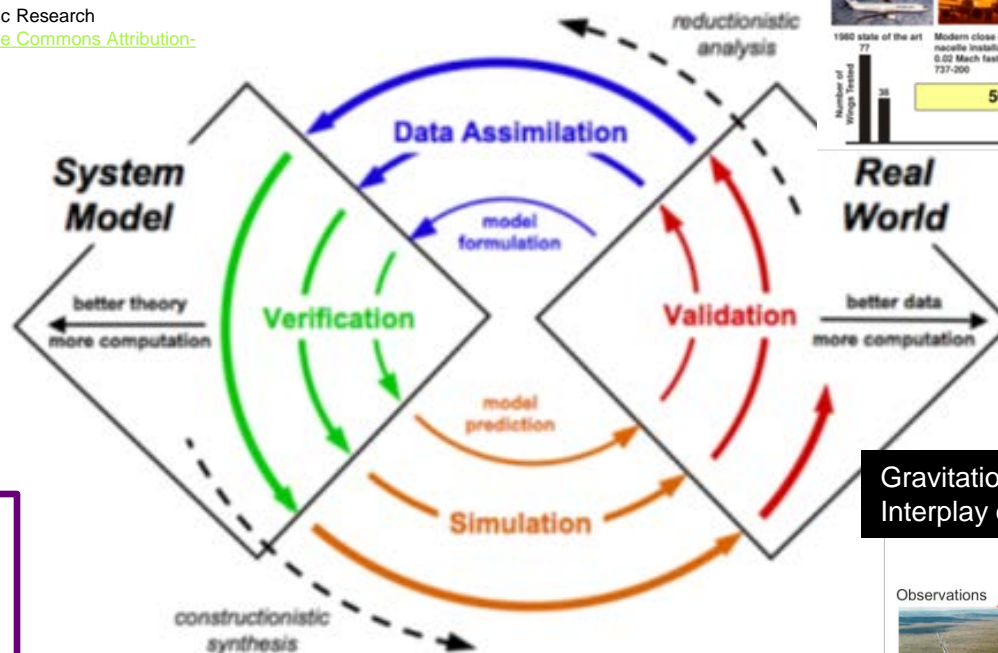
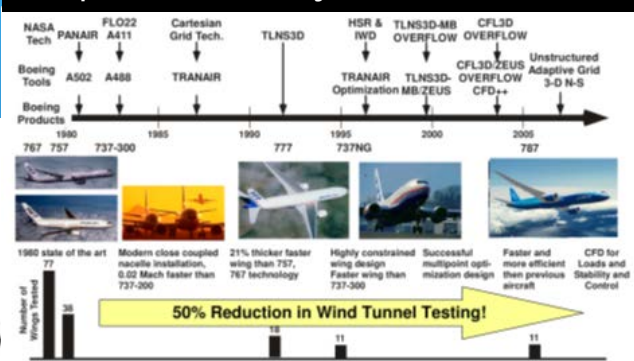


## Growth of Climate Modeling



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## Computational Fluid Dynamics

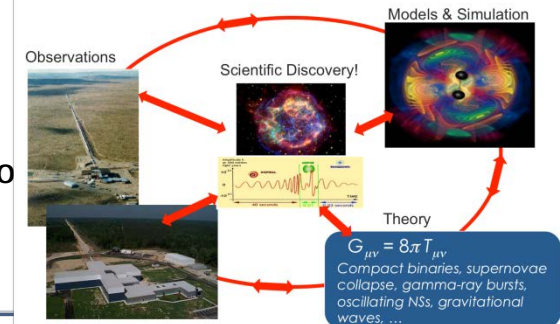


Iterative, computationally intense process of model formulation and verification in earthquake forecasting

## Across many disciplines:

- Molecular Dynamics
- Cosmology & Astronomy
- Plasma Physics
- Quantum Chromo Dynamics
- Seismic Hazards
- Gene Sequence Analysis

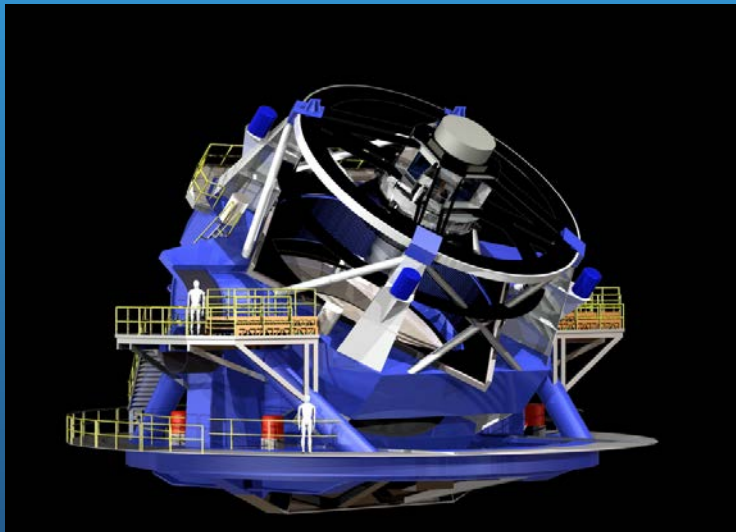
## Gravitational Wave Astrophysics Interplay of Big Data & Big Simulation



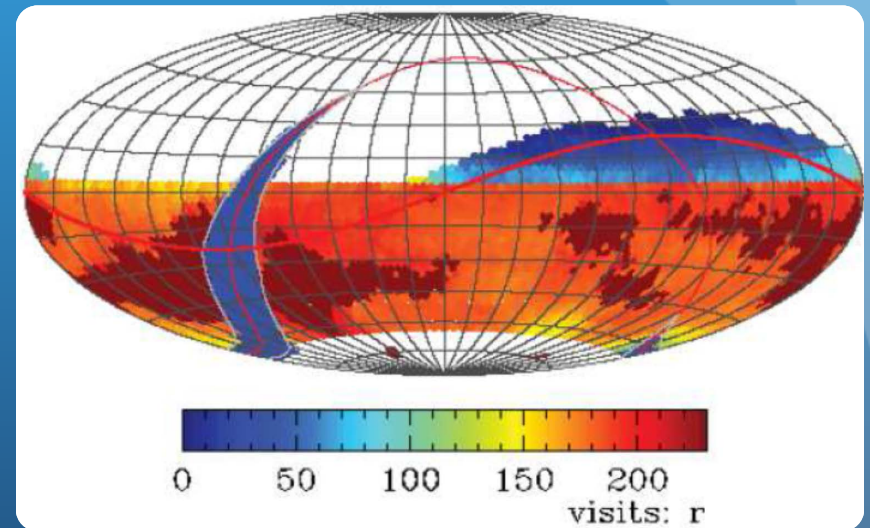
# LSST: A Deep, Wide, Fast, Optical Sky Survey



8.4m telescope    optical (ugrizy)    0.5-1% photometry (sys)  
3.2Gpix camera    2 x 15sec exp / 2sec read



Location: Cerro Pachon, Chile  
First Light: May 2019



Construction Start: July 2014  
Operations: May 2022

# LSST Cyberinfrastructure for Data Capture



**HQ Site**  
**HQ Facility**  
Observatory Management  
Science Operations  
Education and Public Outreach

**Archive Site**  
**Archive Center**  
Alert Production  
Data Release Production  
Calibration Products Production  
EPO Infrastructure  
Long-term Storage (copy 2)  
**Data Access Center**  
Data Access and User Services

**French Site**  
**Processing Center**  
Data Release Production



**Base Site**  
**Base Facility**  
Long-term storage (copy 1)  
**Data Access Center**  
Data Access and User Services

**Summit Site**  
**Summit Facility**  
Telescope and Camera  
Data Acquisition  
Crosstalk Correction

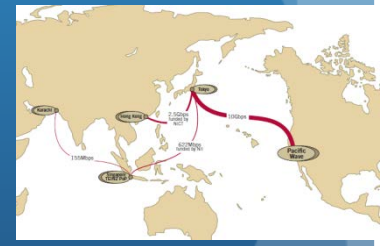




# Networking Programs in CISE/ACI

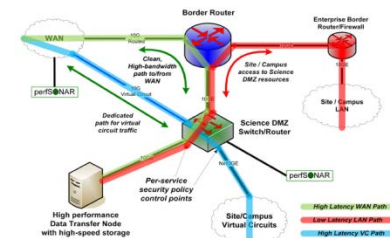


- Fundamental enabling layer and CI underpinning
- CC-NIE (Campus Cyberinfrastructure - Network Infrastructure and Engineering): joint with CNS
  - Campus networking upgrades (10/100Gbps), re-architecting and innovation
  - Directly responsive to ACCI 2011 Task Force report
- IRNC - International R&E Network Connections: joint with OIA/ISE
  - Scientific discovery as a global collaborative endeavor
  - Provide network connections linking U.S. research with peer networks in other parts of the world
  - Stimulate the deployment and operational understanding of emerging network technology and standards in an international context

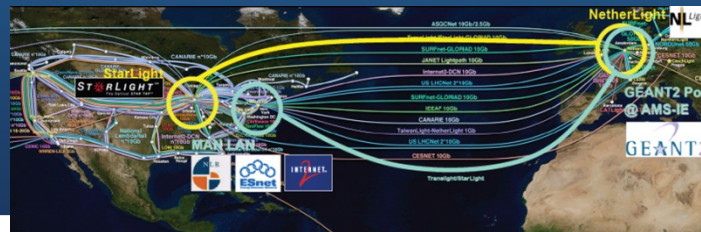


Simple Science DMZ Diagram

A simple Science DMZ has several essential components. These include dedicated access to high-performance wide area networks and advanced services infrastructures, high-performance networking equipment, and dedicated science resources such as Data Transfer Nodes. A notional diagram of a simple Science DMZ showing these components, along with data paths, is shown below:



The essential components and a simple architecture for a Science DMZ are shown in the Figure above. The Data Transfer Node (DTN) is connected directly to a high-performance Science DMZ switch or router, which is connected directly to the border router. The DTN's job is to efficiently and effectively move science data to and from remote sites and facilities, and everything in the Science DMZ is aimed at this goal. The security policy enforcement for the DTN is done using access control lists on the Science DMZ switch or router, not on a separate firewall.



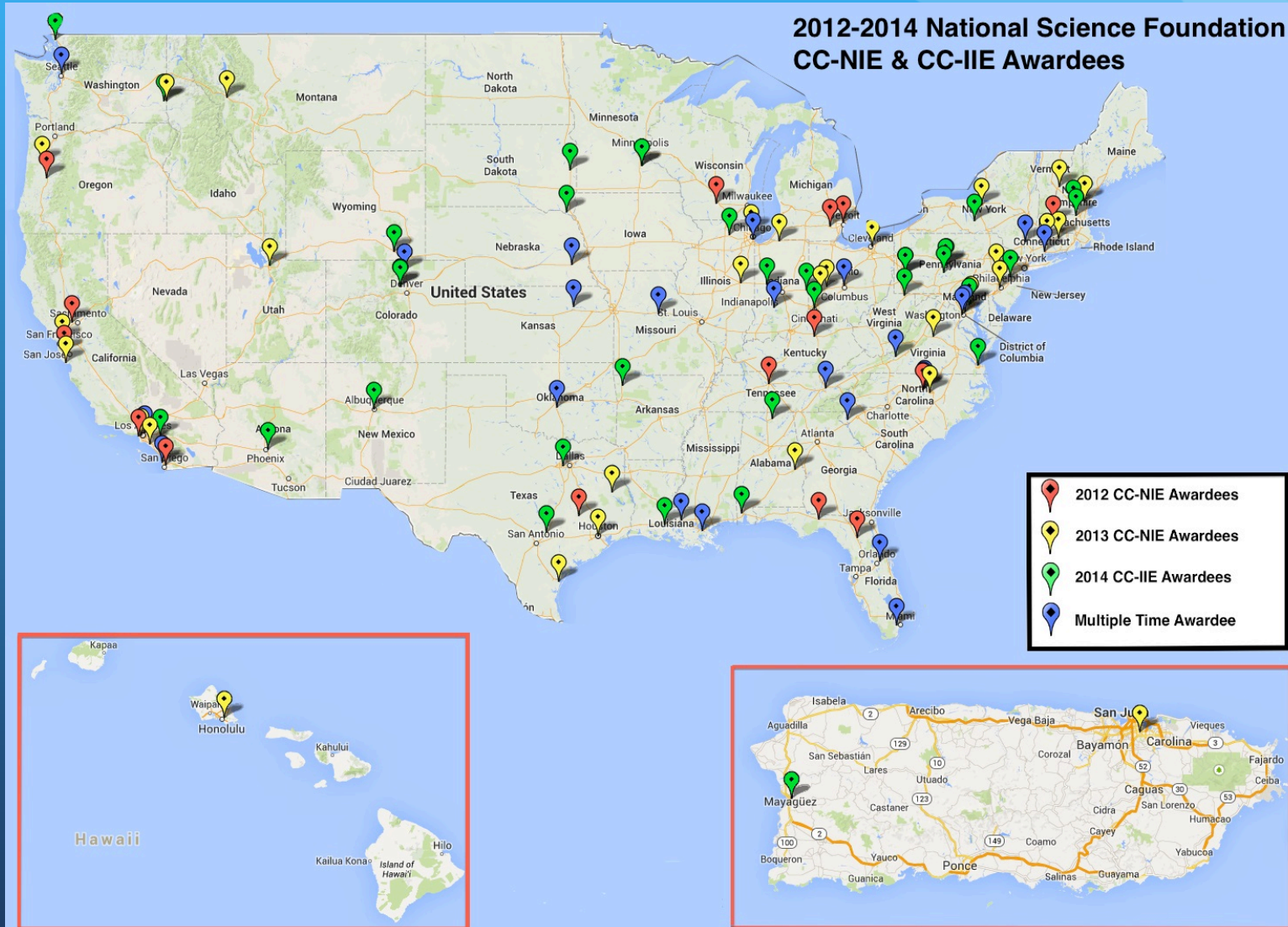
# Networking/Cybersecurity -ACI



**Program Directors: Kevin Thompson, Anita Nikolich**

- **Campus Networking (CC-NIE/CC\*IIE programs)**
  - Campus Cyberinfrastructure – Infrastructure, Innovation and Engineering (CC\*IIE) – campus network upgrades (10/100Gbps), re-architecting
  - Continue re-forming campus (inter/intra) networking (entering year 4)
  - Address needs of smaller schools, regional coordination, science VO's
- **International networking (IRNC program) NSF 14-544**
  - Scientific discovery as a global endeavor
  - Stimulate deployment of emerging network technology and standards in an international context
- **Secure and Trustworthy Cyberspace (SaTC) NSF 14-599**
  - .ACI provides funding for transition to practice (TTP) projects (7 awards in FY2014)
- **Emerging Cybersecurity Topics**
  - Secure and Trustworthy Software
  - Data Provenance and Privacy
  - Coherent Cybersecurity for national CI
    - Center for Trustworthy Scientific Infrastructure: PI, Von Welch; Indiana University

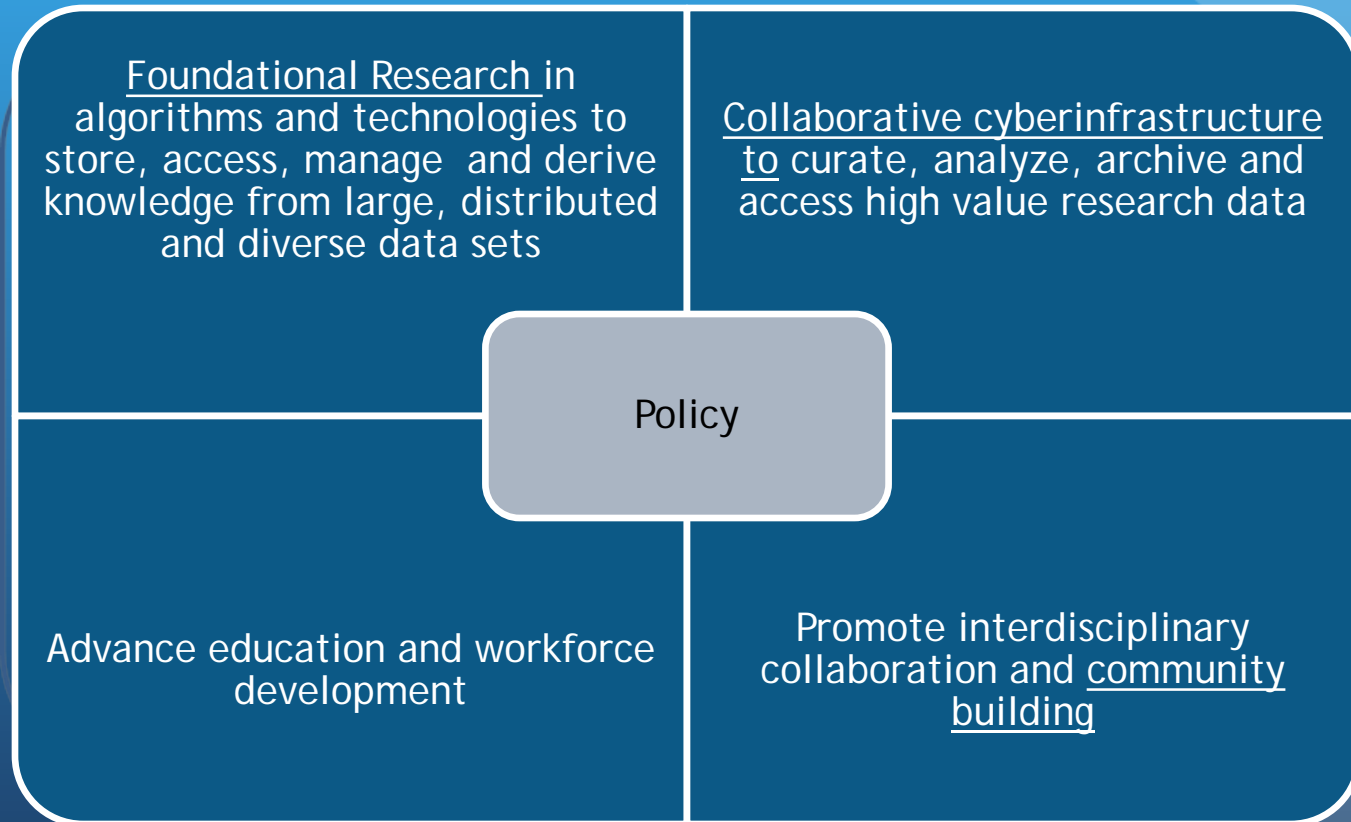
# Transforming the national CI foundation to increase capacity and innovative capability







# Overall Data Investment Framework





# ACI data focused CI - "A view towards the horizon"

Program Directors: Bob Chaddock, Amy Walton; Irene Lombardo

- Catalyze transformative , interdisciplinary science, & engineering, research & education through robust, shared, resources, services, & collaborations across diverse communities;
- Advance capabilities for robust shared resources to capture, manage, curate, analyze, interpret, archive & share data at unprecedented scales & complexities enabling discoveries in all areas of inquiry and from all facilities, ranging from the campus to the national level;
- Ensure data focused research cyberinfrastructure remains aligned with research priorities and at the forefront of technologies necessary to advance fundamental science and engineering;
- Ensure that the future workforce of scientists, engineers & educators are equipped with skills to make use of, and build the next generation of data focused cyberinfrastructure
- Contribute to advances in comprehensive policies for data, software, publications & other digital outputs

# FY13 data awards - towards an integrated portfolio for science, engineering, research & education



- HPC Acquisition Data Resource -TACC "Wrangler" - PI: Dan Stanzione; Novel data intensive CI resource advancing open science communities;
- DIBBS - Data Information Building Blocks
  - NCSA "Brown Dog" - PI: Kenton McHenry; CI enabled tools & capabilities advancing integration of large unstructured, heterogeneous data collections as resources in science;
  - Purdue "Geospatial data Analysis Building Blocks" (GABBs)- PI: Carol Song; Novel HUBzero CI capabilities enabling creation & sharing of geospatial data & modeling tools;
  - JHU "SciServer" (formerly "SkyServer") - PI: Alex Szalay; Novel data focused CI responsive to interests in multiple large scientific data sets serving broad science communities;
  - PSC "Exacell" - PI: Mike Levine - Novel data focused CI building blocks & hardware supporting large scale analytics enabling data intensive scientific research;
- Research Collaboration Network - RPI "Research Data Alliance" - PI: Fran Berman; data focused CI pilots, tools and capabilities developments responsive to global communities' interests to share & access data catalyzing science advances;
- Big Data - UChicago "Open Flow Enabled Hadoop over Local & Wide Area Clusters" PI: Bob Grossman - integration of OpenFlow enabled switches with Hadoop to handle more efficiently large data flows arising in data intensive computing

# Data Infrastructure Building Block (DIBBs)

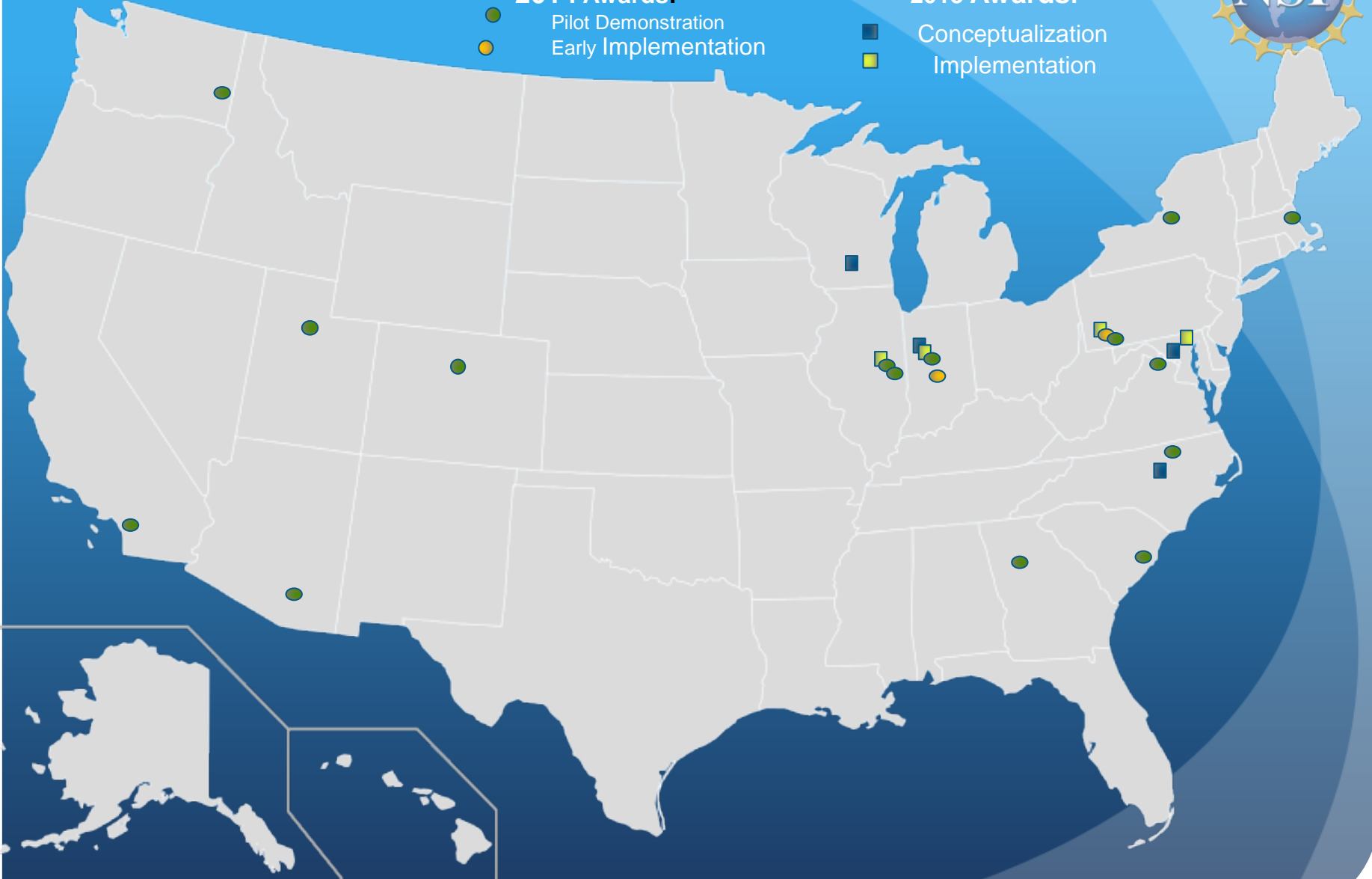


## 2014 Awards:

- Pilot Demonstration
- Early Implementation

## 2013 Awards:

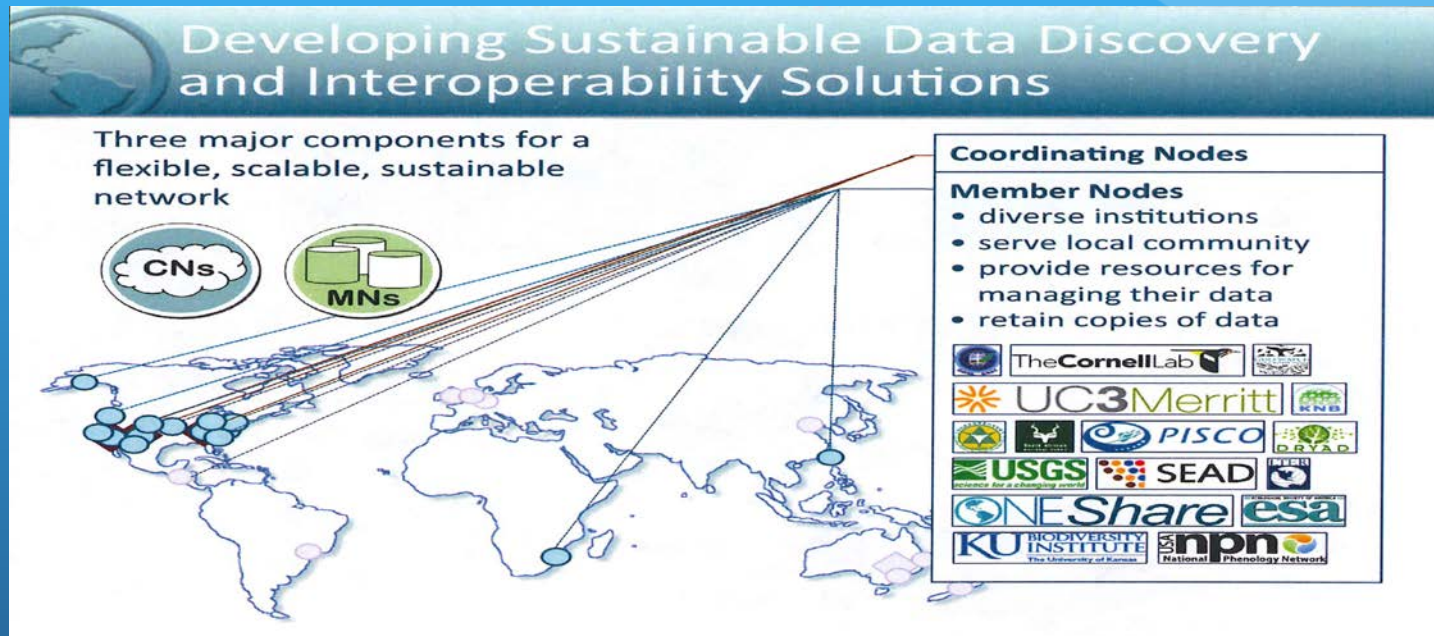
- Conceptualization
- Implementation





# DataONE (Observation Network for Earth) Award

William Michener, University of New Mexico



- DataONE has interacted with almost 20,000 users; has 462,00 objects, 150,000 datasets and about 200,000 metadata records. It is a large and diverse community with 55 partnering projects and 300 plus collaborators with 170 plus persons that are active in the DataONE Users Groups as well as many and varied training workshops.
- DataONE has been actively involved with federal, local government agencies, as well as industry (such as Microsoft), contributed to OSTP lead safety data challenge to improve public preparedness & emergency response, advised OSTP on Big Data challenges, advised the Federal Reserve Bank regarding data focused cyberinfrastructure topics.





# Advanced Computational Infrastructure

Program Directors: Rudi Eigenmann, Bob Chaddock; (Tom Russell, Irene Lombardo)

- Anticipate and invest in diverse and innovative national scale shared resources, outreach and education complementing campus and other national investments
- Leverage and invest in collaborative flexible “fabrics” dynamically connecting scientific communities with computational resources and services at all scales (campus, regional, national, international)

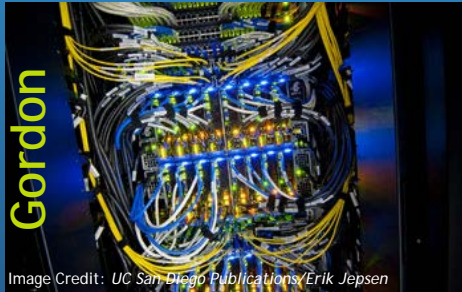


Image Credit: UC San Diego Publications/Erik Jepsen



Image Credit: TACC



Image Credit: NCSA/University of Illinois

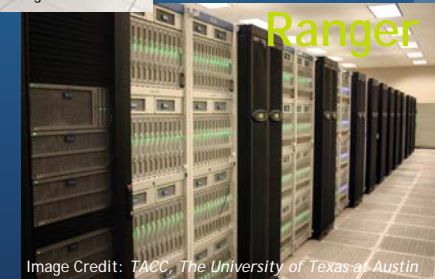


Image Credit: TACC, The University of Texas at Austin





# In 2012 NSF published its Advanced Computing Infrastructure Vision and Strategy (12-051)



- Vision: Position and support the entire spectrum of NSF-funded communities at the cutting edge of advanced computing technologies, hardware, and software
- Strategies
  - Foundational research to fully exploit parallelism and concurrency
  - Application research and development in use of high-end computing resources
  - Building, testing and deploying resources into a collaborative ecosystem
  - Development of comprehensive education and workforce programs
  - Development of transformational and grand challenge communities

# In 2013 Major Computing NSF Computing Infrastructure deployed



Image Credits: NCSA/University of Illinois

**Blue Waters, UIUC**



Image Credit: TACC

**Stampede, UT Austin**



**NCAR/ Wyoming  
Supercomputing Center**

# Blue Waters: Grand Challenge Computational Science/Engineering through Sustained Petascale Performance

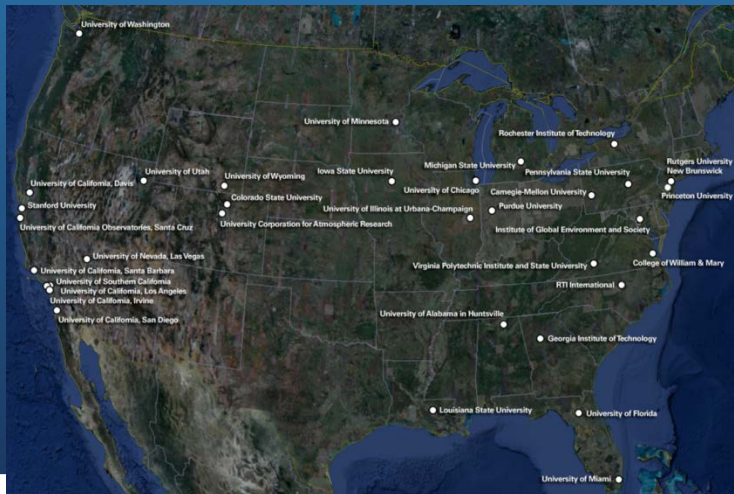


Cray XE6/XK7 accepted December, 2012

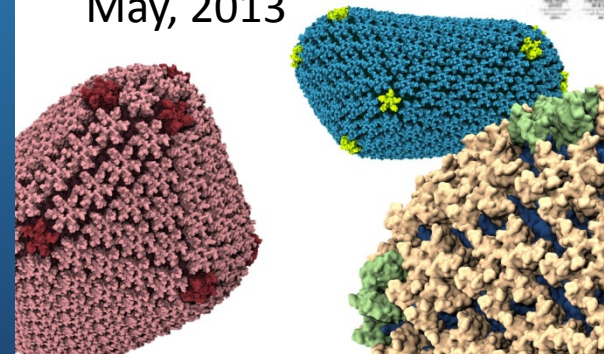
UIUC Data Center



## Petascale Application Projects



May, 2013



Credit: *Theoretical and Computational Biophysics Group (www.ks.uiuc.edu), Beckman Institute for Advanced Science and Technology, UIUC*



# Stampede is both innovative and highly capable, doubling the resource pool for XRAC/XSEDE allocations

## A YEAR WITH STAMPEDE

Stampede, one of the most powerful supercomputers in the world for open science research, celebrated its first birthday on January 7, 2014, by completing more than 75,000 years of scientific computations – not bad for a one-year-old. Here are some facts, figures & science highlights that capture the comprehensive impact of the system.

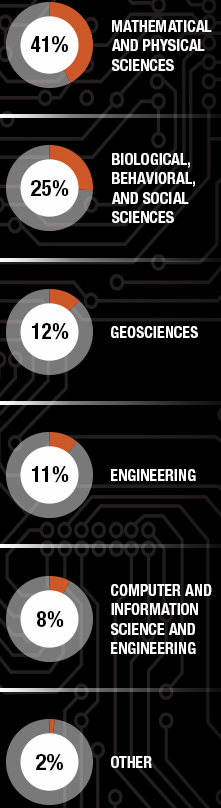
Funded by the National Science Foundation Grant ACI-1134872 and built in partnership with Intel, Dell and Mellanox, Stampede and its academic partners will continue to enable promising computational research in 2014 and beyond.

**9.6**  
QUADRILLION  
Floating Point Operations per second

WORLD RANKING  
**7th**  
MOST POWERFUL  
[www.top500.org](http://www.top500.org)

**1247**  
PROJECTS  
**2,196,848**  
COMPLETED JOBS  
**3400**  
RESEARCHERS

### SCIENCE FIELDS



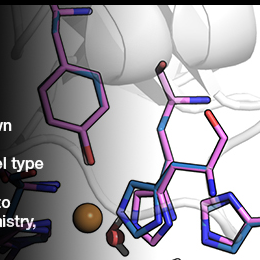
### SCIENCE HIGHLIGHTS

Stampede supports the largest number of open science projects in the world across science and engineering domains. Below are three recent highlights:

#### BIOFUEL PRODUCTION

Researcher: **Gregg Beckham**  
National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL)

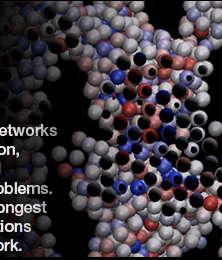
Stampede is helping to determine how enzymes break down cellulose to improve biofuel production. A group of NREL researchers used the supercomputer to predict how a novel type of oxidative enzyme can speed up the process by which cellulose breaks down. The group is also using Stampede to design catalysts for high-temperature deoxygenation chemistry, which is important to convert biomass to fuel.



#### BIOMEDICINE AND SMART MATERIALS

Researcher: **Roseanna Zia**  
Cornell University

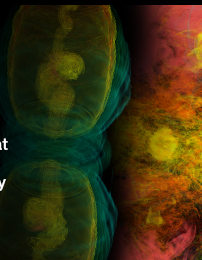
Colloidal gels have huge promise in biomedicine. Comprised of microscopic particles suspended in a solvent, these gels form networks of particles that support their weight under gravity. For this reason, these soft solids can be used as injectable pharmaceuticals and artificial tissue scaffolds; however, they are beset by stability problems. Stampede enabled Cornell researchers to conduct the largest, longest simulation of a colloidal gel, which is answering important questions about the structure, dynamics, and stability of the particle network.



#### SUPERNOVA EXPLOSION

Researcher: **Philipp Mösta and Christian D. Ott**  
California Institute of Technology (CalTech)

Using Stampede, astrophysicists succeeded in performing the first fully general-relativistic 3D MHD simulations of progenitor stars that are believed to lead to very energetic, jet-driven supernova explosions. The researchers found that the simulations behave very differently in full unconstrained 3D compared to the same model simulated with imposed symmetries. Stampede's per-core performance pushed these simulations to the limit.



[www.tacc.utexas.edu](http://www.tacc.utexas.edu)  
[www.tacc.utexas.edu/stampede](http://www.tacc.utexas.edu/stampede)  
#useTACC #UltimateScienceEnvironment



XSEDE

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS  
AT AUSTIN



# National Academies Study launched in 2013: Future Directions for NSF Advanced Computing Infrastructure to support US Science in 2017-2022



- Bill Gropp/University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
- Robert Harrison/Stony Brook University
- Mark Abbott/Oregon State University
- David Arnett/University of Arizona
- Robert Grossman/University of Chicago
- Peter Kogge/University of Notre Dame
- Padma Raghavan/Penn State University
- Dan Reed/University of Iowa
- Valerie Taylor/Texas A&M
- Kathy Yelick/UC Berkeley

[http://sites.nationalacademies.org/CSTB/CurrentProjects/CSTB\\_087924](http://sites.nationalacademies.org/CSTB/CurrentProjects/CSTB_087924)

# Goals for this Study- Final Report

By Summer, 2015, the final report will yield insights such as:

- The contribution of high end computing to U.S. leadership and competitiveness in basic science and engineering, the roles that NSF can play in sustaining this leadership, and how leadership can be measured, benchmarked, and monitored.
- Expected future national-scale computing needs across the full range of basic science and engineering research supported by NSF.
- Tradeoffs among investments in computing, software, data, and networking infrastructure and between those that advance the computational frontiers vs. those that focus on delivering more aggregate computing capacity.
- The roles of different models for advanced computing infrastructure, including NSF centers and consortia, campus-based infrastructure, and the commercial marketplace.
- Technical challenges to delivering needed computing capabilities, and what research and development may be needed to deliver expected future capabilities.





# Goals for the Study - Interim Report

By Summer, 2014, the interim report will focus on the 2017-2020 timeframe and yield insights on key issues such as:

- Characterization of the trajectory and relevance of large scale simulation's impact on foundational advances in science and engineering.
- Identification of scientific research grand challenges that will be substantially advanced by large scale data analytics and data mining not currently possible in research infrastructures.
- Based on the response to the previous two bullets, identify categories for research cyberinfrastructure investments (e.g. emergent technologies and algorithms, balance between experimental and "production", education and workforce development, community software) required to support sustained advances in U.S. science
- Challenges and responses by research infrastructures at all scales (e.g. campus, regional, national; problem focused or multipurpose) to the items above, identifying those which can be most positively impacted by NSF. These should encompass economic, cross agency and international considerations.

# NSF Supported National Resources are increasingly diverse and collaborative

**Trestles**  
IO-intensive  
10k cores  
160 GB SSD/Flash

**Gordon**  
Data intensive  
64 TB memory  
300 TB Flash Mem



**Comet**  
“Long Tail Science”  
47k cores/2 PF  
High throughput

To be deployed in FY2015  
with XSEDE integration and  
user services

**Yellowstone**  
Geosciences



**Blue Waters**  
Leadership Class



**Wrangler**  
Date Analytics

**Stampede**  
460K cores  
w. Xeon Phi  
>1000 users  
Upgrade in 2015

**Maverick**  
Visualization  
Data Analytics

**Lonestar\***  
Large memory

**Open Science Grid**  
High throughput

**FutureGrid\***  
CS testbed

**Blacklight**  
Shared Memory  
4k Xeon cores



**Darter**  
24k cores

**Nautilus**  
Visualization  
Data Analytics

**Keeneland**  
CPU/GPGPU

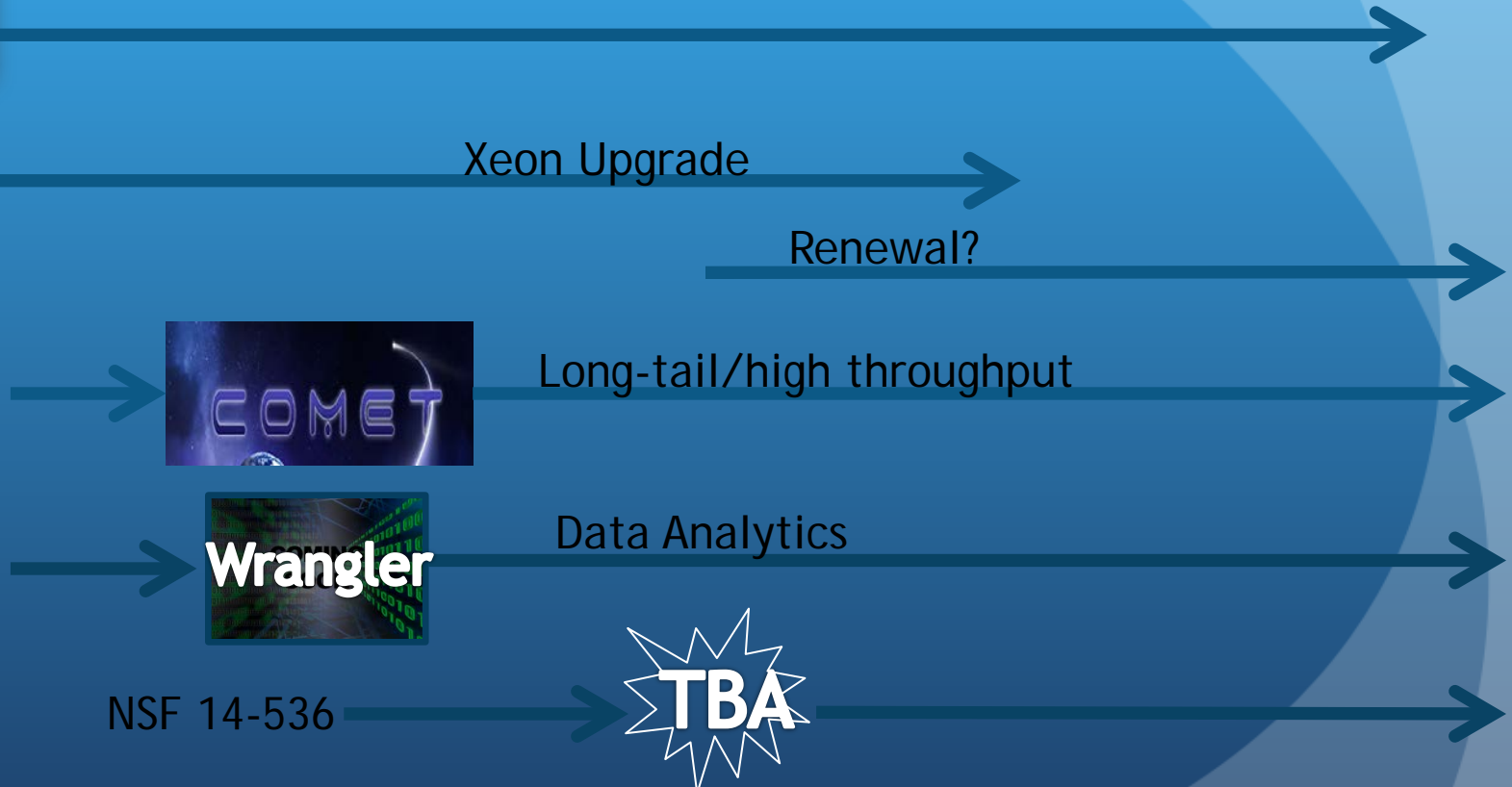


**SuperMIC**  
380 nodes – 1PF  
(Ivy bridge, Xeon Phi, GPU)

*XSEDE integration*

*\* To be retired in 2014*

# Recent ACI supported acquisitions & deployments are complementary



2013

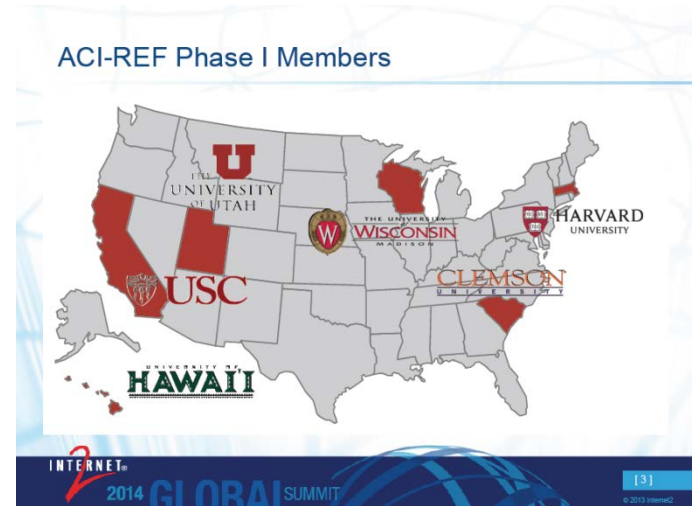
2014

2015

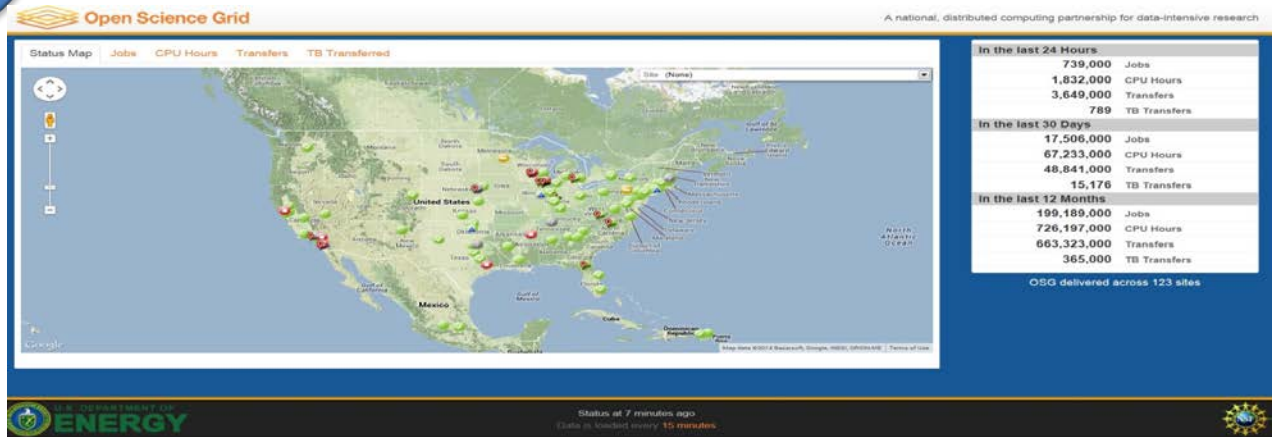
2016

2017

# Continued investment in evolving and new models for collaborative CI to advances science frontiers

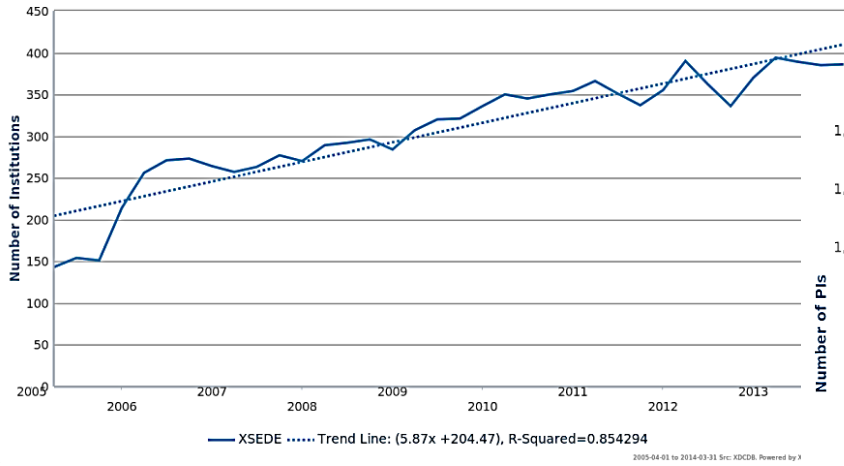


**XDMoD**  
METRICS ON DEMAND

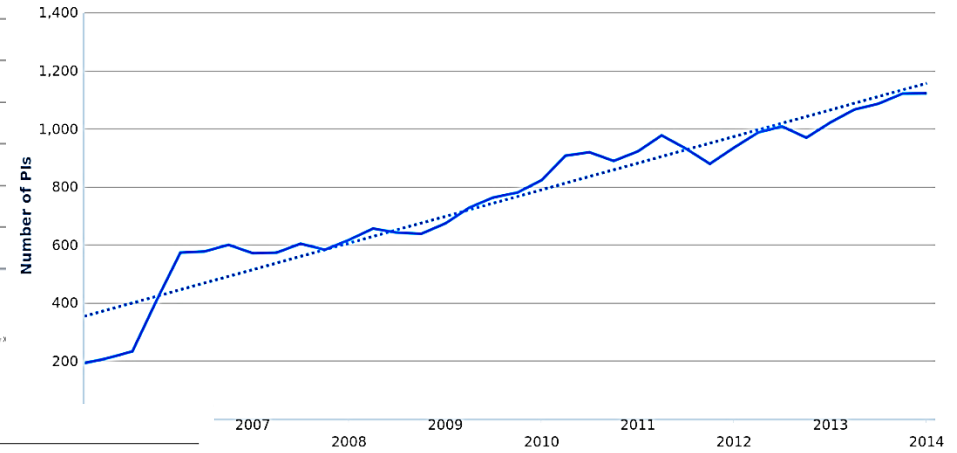


# Quantitative Trends: the Number of Research Projects, Institutions and Users have increased

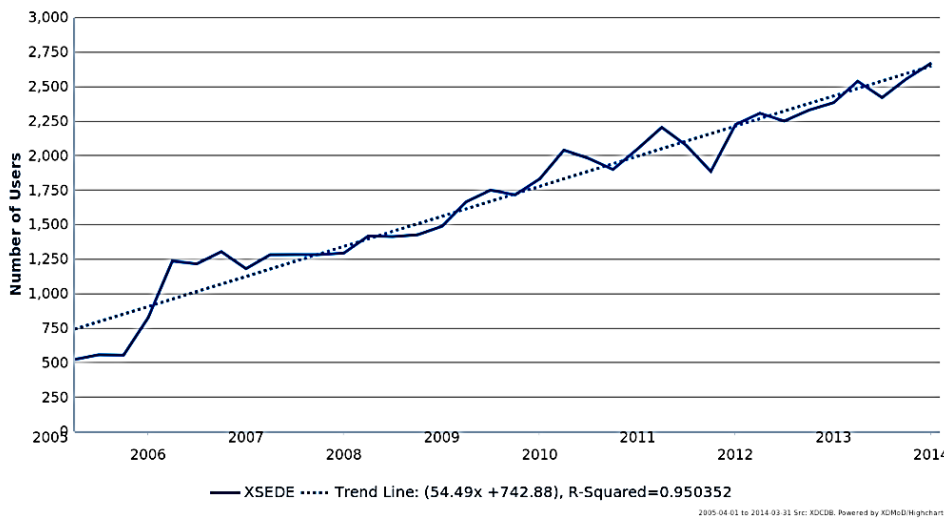
Number of Active Institutions has Doubled



The Number of PIs/Projects has Tripled



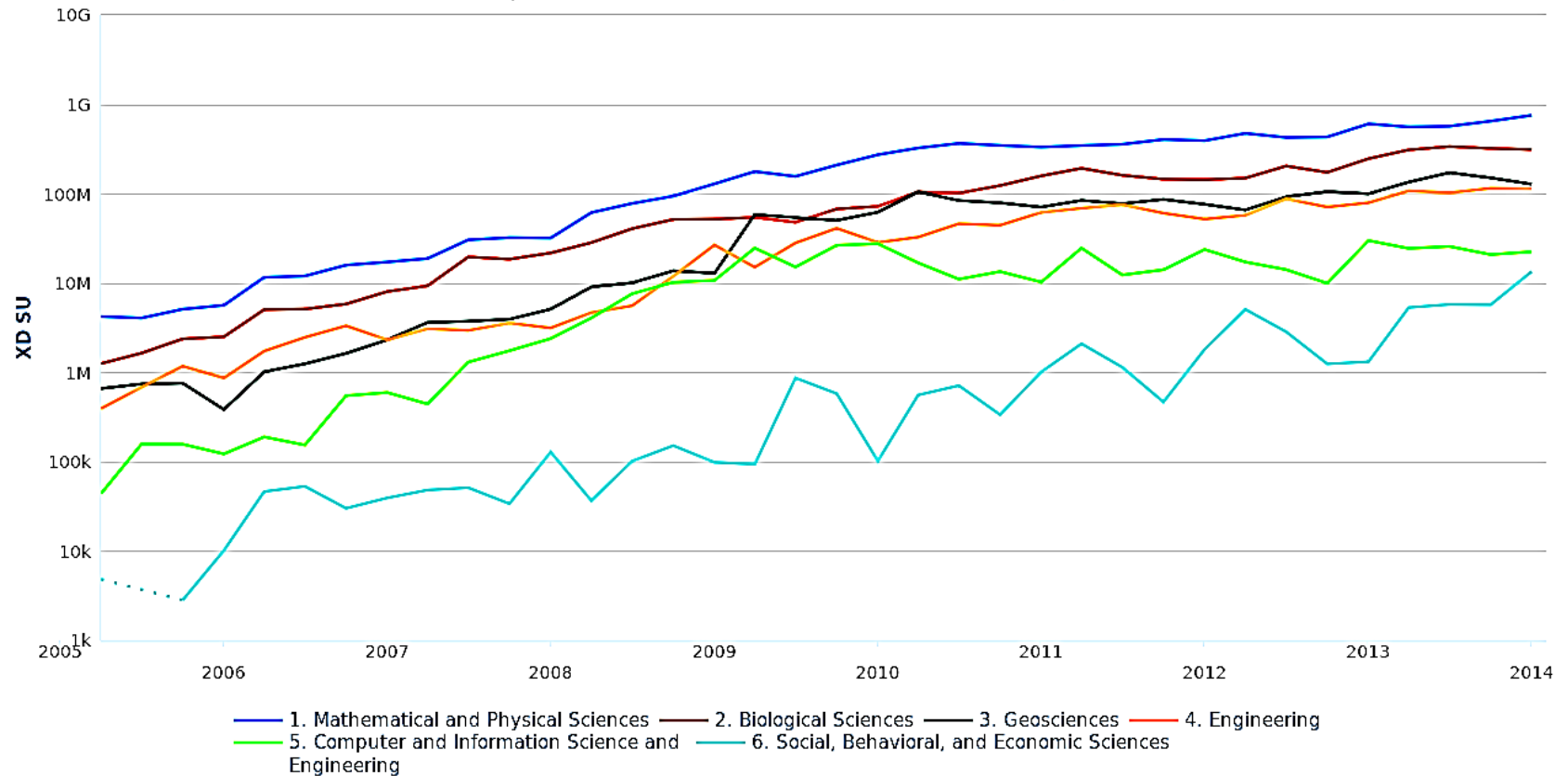
Active Users have Quintupled



# All Scientific Disciplines have increased use of national resources

Usage by NSF Directorate (Log scale)


NSF Directorate = ( Biological Sciences, Computer and Information Science and Engineering, Engineering, Geosciences, Mathematical and Physical Sciences, Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences )





# 2014 NSF Cloud Awards: Multi-institutional CI Research





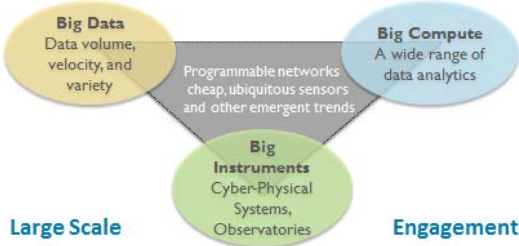
www.chameleoncloud.org




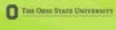


**CHAMELEON:**  
A LARGE-SCALE, RECONFIGURABLE EXPERIMENTAL ENVIRONMENT FOR CLOUD RESEARCH


Principal Investigator: Kate Keahey  
Co-PIs: J. Mambretti, D.K. Panda, P. Rad, W. Smith, D. Stanzione

SEPTEMBER 17, 2014

### SOLVING TODAY'S RESEARCH CHALLENGES





















www.chameleoncloud.org

CloudLab 
updated: 8/13/14
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## The CloudLab Team

 Robert Ricci (PI) Eric Eide Steve Corbató Kobus Van der Merwe	 Aditya Akella (co-PI) Remzi Arpaci-Dusseau Miron Livny	 KC Wang (co-PI) Jim Bottum Jim Pepin Amy Apon
 Chip Elliott (co-PI) Larry Landweber	 Mike Zink (co-PI) David Irwin	 Glenn Ricart (co-PI)

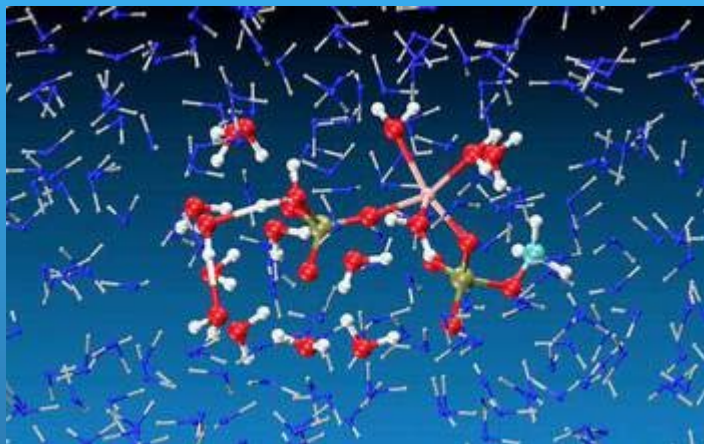




CloudLab 
updated: 8/13/14
10

## Application Research Questions

- Experiment with **resource allocation** and scheduling
- Develop enhancements to **big data frameworks**
- Intra- and inter-datacenter **traffic engineering** and routing
- New tenant-facing **abstractions**
- New **mechanisms** in support of cloud-based services
- Study adapting **next-generation stacks** to clouds
- New troubleshooting and **anomaly detection** frameworks
- Explore different degrees of **security** and isolation
- **Composing** services from heterogeneous clouds
- **Application-driven** cloud architectures

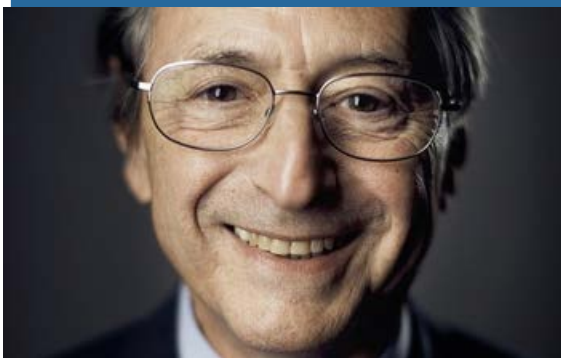
# Computational science takes the Nobel stage



The molecular dynamics methods that Karplus, Warshel, and Levitt pioneered using NSF supported HPC systems have evolved into the standard approach to investigate complex chemical and biochemical processes and the behavior of materials.

Snapshots from extensive simulations of a step in the free energy perturbation study of phosphate hydrolysis in water. The simulations involve a QM/MM surface with a description of the phosphate (red and white) from first principle and an MM description of the water molecules (blue).

Credit: *Arieh Warshel*



Michael Levitt, 2013 Nobel Laureate in Chemistry

Credit: *Alexander Mahmoud. Copyright*



Arieh Warshel, 2013 Nobel Laureate in Chemistry

Credit: *Alexander Mahmoud. Copyright Nobel Foundation 2013*



Martin Karplus, 2013 Nobel Laureate in Chemistry

Credit: *Alexander Mahmoud. Copyright Nobel Foundation 2013*

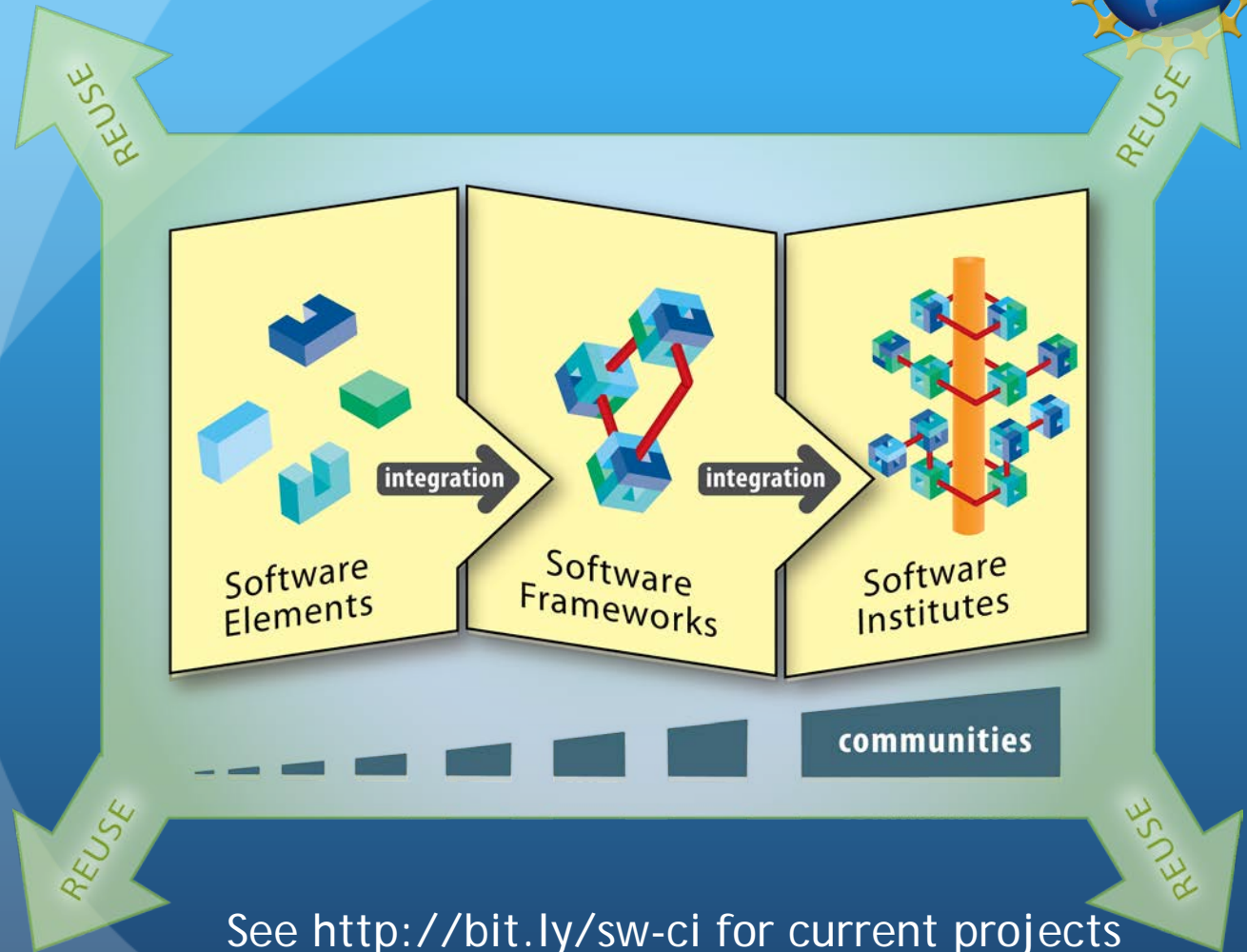
# NSF Software Infrastructure Projects



5 rounds of funding, 65 SSEs

4 rounds of funding, 35 SSIs

2 rounds of funding, 14 S2I2 conceptualizations



# Software as Infrastructure- Role & Lifecycle



Support the foundational research necessary to continue to efficiently advance scientific software

Create and maintain a software ecosystem providing new capabilities that advance and accelerate scientific inquiry at unprecedented complexity and scale

Enable transformative, interdisciplinary, collaborative, science and engineering research and education through the use of advanced software and services

Transform practice through new policies for software, addressing challenges of academic culture, open dissemination and use, reproducibility and trust, curation, sustainability, governance, citation, stewardship, and attribution of software authorship

Develop a next generation diverse workforce of scientists and engineers equipped with essential skills to use and develop software, with software and services used in both the research and education process





# Working Towards Sustainable Software for Science: Practice and Experiences

- <https://sites.google.com/site/si2pimeeting2014/agenda>
- <http://wssspe.researchcomputing.org.uk>
- First Workshop on Sustainable Software for Science: Practice and Experiences (WSSSPE1), @ SC13, 17 November 2013, Denver
  - 2 keynotes, 54 accepted papers
  - Discussion sessions: Developing software; Policy; Communities
  - Cross-cutting (emergent) topics: Defining sustainability; Career paths
  - Post-workshop paper: <http://arxiv.org/abs/1404.7414>
- WSSSPE1.1, @ SciPy2014, Austin
- WSSSPE2, @ SC14, 16 November 2014, New Orleans
  - 29 accepted papers
  - Keynotes/sessions being planned

# Advanced Cyberinfrastructure



Supports the research, development, acquisition, and provision of state-of-the-art CI resources, tools, and services:

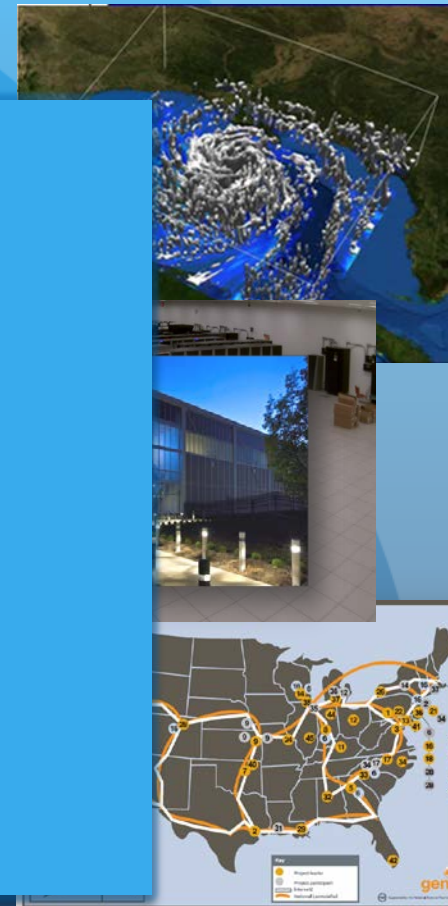
**High Performance** computing; provide the-art HPC assets large scale instrument environment.

**Data:** Support scientific archiving of data by community needs in

**Networking and C** improvements and activities in modern of cybersecurity res

**Software:** Transform innovations in research and education into sustained software resources that are an integral part of cyberinfrastructure.

# PEOPLE



# Learning and Workforce Development

## Workforce as Cyberinfrastructure



CI-focused  
*Cyber Scientists*  
to develop, pilot and  
deliver  
new capabilities

Computational Scientists  
Data Scientists  
Architects/Designers  
Software Engineers  
System Management

CI-enabled  
*Domain Scientists*  
To explore and  
exploit  
new capabilities



# CAREER: Sharing Deep Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) Maps for Cosmological Discovery

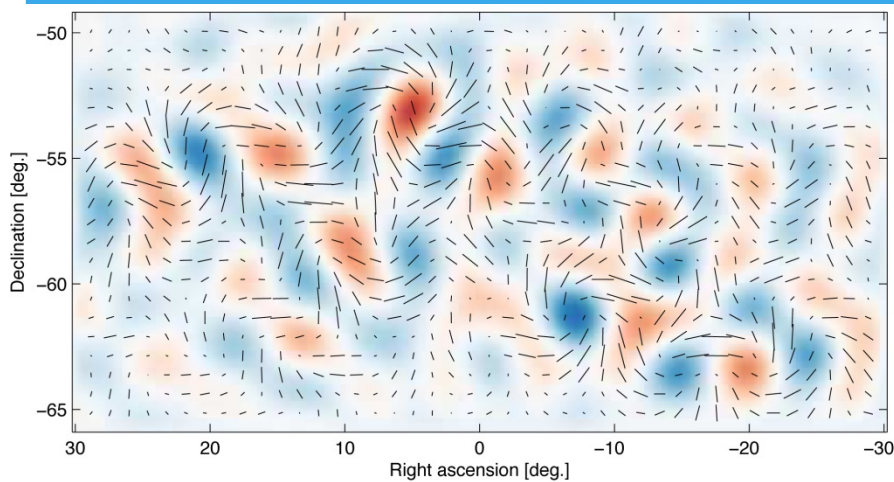
John M. Kovac, Harvard University

supported by MPS/AST, MPS/PHY, CISE/ACI, GEO/PLR



## Project aims supported by CISE/ACI:

- Share ultra-deep CMB polarization maps from SPUD, BICEP2, BICEP1, and DASI
- Develop and disseminate complete data products and software tools that broaden the use and impact of path finding surveys while setting what are expected to be useful standards for others to do the same



The actual B-mode pattern observed with the BICEP2 telescope, with the line segments showing the polarization from different spots on the sky. The red and blue shading shows the degree of clockwise and anti-clockwise twisting of this B-mode pattern. Credit: *BICEP2 Collaboration*

- Derive needed portable data products and software tools, test them in key joint analyses of overlapping maps with external collaborators
- Share data products and software tools with the full astrophysics community
- Encourage independent reanalysis of findings



The sun sets behind BICEP2 and the South Pole Telescope at NSF's Amundsen-Scott South Pole Station. Credit: *Steffen Richter, BICEP*





# Vetria L. Byrd

REU Site: Undergraduate Research in  
Collaborative Data Visualization Applications

Clemson University

Clemson, South Carolina

vlbyrd@clemson.edu



Research areas of this site: Visualization, Computer Science, Genetics and Biochemistry, Geophysics, Sociology, Molecular Modeling and Simulation, Inorganic Chemistry, Social Media, Parks Recreation Tourism Management, Biological Sciences and Digital Humanities

## Unique Feature in 2014

The program identifies research collaborators with visualization needs and assigns each student to a REU team. Each REU Team consists of a research/science collaborator, a visualization mentor and a visualization REU student. This arrangement fosters further collaboration among team members, an appreciation of the visualization process and an understanding of the role visualization plays in discovery and analysis. REU students participate in activities as a member of their REU Team, their Research Lab, and their REU cohort thereby creating a rich, multidisciplinary research experience.

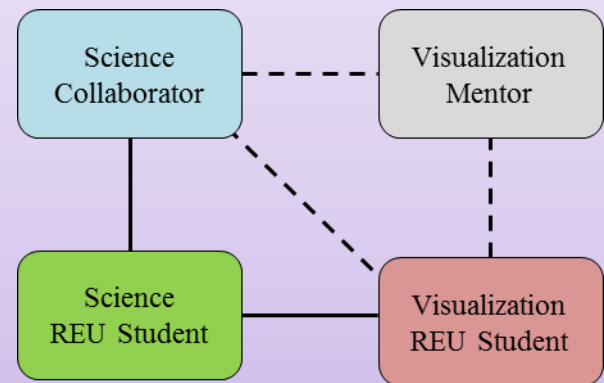


Figure 1: REU Team.

# ACI LWD



Name of Program	Solicitation Number
<i>CAREER</i>	<i>NSF 11-960</i>
REU Sites	NSF 13-542
EXTREEMS-QED	NSF 12-606
STEM-C Partnerships	NSF 14-522
Cyberlearning	NSF 14-526
NRT (formerly CIF21 IGERT)	NSF 14-548



# Current Research Context

- Changing practice of science: interdisciplinary, team-oriented, global, data intensive, complex work and data flows increasingly integrated with technology
- The power and challenges of technology: instrumenting everything; computational and data learning and workforce development; ubiquitous connectivity
- Shifting funding landscape and role for foundational research in the face of escalating global challenges
- Changing demographics: diversity, increased need for more computational and data scientists



# Research Cyberinfrastructure Response

- Cooperating campus, national and global cyberinfrastructure at all scales
- Sustainability Model Development, especially for burgeoning CI areas of software and data
- Ubiquitous, capable, secure and facile CI access for more researchers, educators, institutions and communities
- Integrated Learning and Workforce Development (LWD) for both CI creators and users

# Advanced Cyberinfrastructure



*Transformative  
CDS&E* to enhance  
discovery & learning

*Provisioning to  
create, deploy, and  
operate advanced CI*

Research and Exploration of  
future CI environments for  
science and engineering





# Thank you!

Contact Information:

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