## Collective Operations with MPI

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#include "fancy logos and distracting graphics"

#### How Did We Get Here?

Point—to—point communications are the fundemental building—blocks of distributed memory parallel programs, however there are other more powerful constructs available which can make the design and implementation of parallel programs easier.

Those constructs are generally known as collective operations since they involve communication between groups of processes rather than a pair of individual ones.

## Overview of the Collective Operations

- All-To-One
  - MPI\_Gather(), MPI\_Gatherv(), MPI\_Reduce()
- One-To-All
  - MPI\_Bcast(), MPI\_Scatter(), MPI\_Scatterv()
- All-To-All
  - MPI\_Allgather(), MPI\_Allgatherv(), MPI\_Allreduce()
- Other
  - MPI\_Barrier()

#### All-To-One

- MPI\_Gather() Collect the same amount of data from each process in a communicator (including the root).
  - int MPI\_Gather(void \*sendbuf, int sendcount, MPI\_Datatype
    sendtype, void \*recvbuf, int recvcount, MPI\_Datatype
    recvtype, int root, MPI\_Comm comm)
- MPI\_Gatherv() Collect a varying amount of data from each process in a communicator (including the root).
  - int MPI\_Gatherv(void \*sendbuf, int sendcount, MPI\_Datatype
    sendtype, void \*recvbuf, int \*recvcounts, int \*displs,
    MPI\_Datatype recvtype, int root, MPI\_Comm comm)

 MPI\_Reduce() - Combines the elements provided in the input buffer of each process in the group, using the operation op, and returns the combined value in the output buffer of the process with rank root.

int MPI\_Reduce(void \*sendbuf, void \*recvbuf, int count,
MPI\_Datatype datatype, MPI\_Op op, int root, MPI\_Comm comm)

#### One-To-All

 MPI\_Bcast() - Broadcasts a message from the process with rank root to all processes of the group, itself included. It is called by all members of group using the same arguments for comm and root.

int MPI\_Bcast(void \*buffer, int count, MPI\_Datatype
datatype, int root, MPI\_Comm comm)

 MPI\_Scatter() - MPI\_Scatter is the inverse operation to MPI\_Gather, it sends data from one task to all tasks in a group.

int MPI\_Scatter(void \*sendbuf, int sendcount, MPI\_Datatype
sendtype, void \*recvbuf, int recvcount, MPI\_Datatype
recvtype, int root, MPI\_Comm comm)

 MPI\_Scatterv() - MPI\_Scatterv is the inverse operation to MPI\_Gatherv, it extends the functionality of MPI\_Scatter by allowing a varying count of data to be sent to each process, since sendcounts is now an array.

int MPI\_Scatterv(void \*sendbuf, int \*sendcounts, int
\*displs, MPI\_Datatype sendtype, void \*recvbuf, int
recvcount, MPI\_Datatype recvtype, int root, MPI\_Comm comm)

#### All-To-All

 MPI\_Allgather() - MPI\_Allgather is similar to MPI\_Gather, except that all processes receive the result, instead of just the root. In other words, all processes contribute to the result, and all processes receive the result.

```
int MPI_Allgather(void *sendbuf, int sendcount,
MPI_Datatype sendtype, void *recvbuf, int recvcount,
MPI_Datatype recvtype, MPI_Comm comm)
```

 MPI\_Allgatherv() - MPI\_Allgatherv is similar to MPI\_Allgather in that all processes gather data from all other processes, except that each process can send a different amount of data. The block of data sent from the jth process is received by every process and placed in the jth block of the buffer recvbuf.

int MPI\_Allgatherv(void \*sendbuf, int sendcount,
MPI\_Datatype sendtype, void \*recvbuf, int \*recvcount, int
\*displs, MPI\_Datatype recvtype, MPI\_Comm comm)

 MPI\_Allreduce() - Combines the elements provided in the input buffer of each process in the group, using the operation op, and returns the combined value in the output buffer of all processes.

int MPI\_Allreduce(void \*sendbuf, void \*recvbuf, int count,
MPI\_Datatype datatype, MPI\_Op op, MPI\_Comm comm)

### Other

• MPI\_Barrier() - Blocks the caller until all group members have called it; the call returns at any process only after all group members have entered the call.

int MPI\_Barrier(MPI\_Comm comm)

**Questions?** 

# Lab – Using MPI's Collective Operations